

XYRHOPUS RHOMBIFER INAEQUIFASCIATUS (False Coral, False Coral Snake). ARGENTINA: CORRIENTES: Corrientes: Captial. (27°35'S, 58°45'W). 4 December 1996. Laura Rey. Colección Herpetológica de la Universidad Nacional del Nordeste, Corrientes, Argentina (UNNEC- 05156). Verified by Gustavo Scrocchi. First province record (Ceí 1993, Monograf. XLIX. Mus. Reg. Sci. Nat. Torino).

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PSEUSTES SULPHUREUS. BRAZIL: SÃO PAULO: PARANAPIACABA (23°48'S, 46°03'W). August 1974. Collector unknown. Museo de Zoologi da Universidade de São Paulo (MZUSP 5622). Verified by Paulo E. Vanzolini. Species normally is found in Amazonian and Atlantic Forest. First state record; the southern limit of its range was reported previously as Maricá, RJ (22°57'S, 42°49'W) (Peters and Orejas-Miranda 1970, Bull. U.S. Nat. Mus. 297:259).

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RHINOTYPHLOPS PRAEOULARIS. NIGERIA: GONGOLA: Adamawa: Yola. 09°12'N, 12°29'E, ca. 500 m. Zoological Museum, University of Copenhagen (ZMUC R52197). Verified by V. Wallach. A rare species; only 12 specimens known, as follows: S Congo (Brazzaville, MNHN 1986.730), SW Zaire (vic. of Kisangani, USNM 20799, LACM 49690-93), NE Angola (Dundo, MD 5252, 5959, 5932, 5935, 5938), and "West Africa" (unknown locality, FMNH 75088). Adult female. 24 scale rows, 545 middorsals. First record for Nigeria and range extension of ca. 1500 (airline) km N of Brazzaville (Roux-Esteve 1974, Mem. Mus. Natn. Hist. Nat. 87A:1-313).

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TANTILLA CALAMARINA (Pacific Coast Centipede Snake). MEXICO: PUEBLA: 12.5 km SE Izucar de Matamoros, 1475 m (18°31'16"N, 98°24'59"W), on a microwave tower hill under a limestone boulder in xeric scrub thicket. 21 February 1992. Fred G. Thompson. UF 102793. Verified by F. Wayne King. First verified and credible record for the state (Wilson 1988, Cat. Am. Amph. Rept. 433:1-2). A record for Teziutlan, Puebla (Cope 1885, Proc. Am. Philos. Soc. 22:381), is neither verifiable (specimen lost) nor credible (geographically inconsistent), and was for those reasons rejected by Wilson (*loc. cit.*).

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THAMNODYNASTES HYPOCONIA (House Snake). ARGENTINA: SANTA FE: DEPT. GENERAL OBLIGADO: Villa Ocampo. (28°39'S, 59°20'W). 26 March 1997. P. M. Cacivio. Verified by R. H. Aguirre. Colección Herpetologica de la Facultad de Ciencias Exactas y Naturales y Agrimensura: (UNNEC 5194-95, females).

First province records; confirms presumed distribution and extends known range at least 60 km S (Bergna and Alvarez 1993, FACENA 10:5-13; Ceí 1993, Monogr. XIV. Mus. Reg. Sci. Nat. Torino: 695; Williams and Francini 1991, Mus. Reg. Nat. Sci. Nat. Torino 9(1):55-90).

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New Records and Natural History Notes for Lizards from Northwestern Argentina

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Field work in northwestern Argentina during the austral summer of 1995 resulted in significant new records for five species of *Liolaemus*—three of them recently described members of the *darwinii* complex—and for one species of *Pristidactylus*. The identities of all specimens were verified by Fernando Lobo. Voucher specimens have been deposited at San Diego State University (SDSU) or the Fundación Miguel Lillo (FML). Latitude, longitude, and elevation were determined with a Scout™ global-positioning device (Trimble Navigation Systems, Sunnyvale, California, USA).

Tropiduridae

Liolaemus cuyanus (NCN). LA RIOJA PROVINCE: Dpt. Gral. Lavalle, 42 km SW of Villa Unión on Ruta Nac. 40 (29°30'59"S, 68°30'51"W, 1050 m). 19 January 1995. SDSU 3435. An adult female was found basking on a rock along the road. The previous westernmost records are from 67°41'51"W in southern San Juan Province, and 67°38'0"W in southwestern Catamarca Province. This record constitutes a range extension of ca. 140 km west for the species and provides support for Ceí's (1993) contention that this species is distributed throughout most of the non-Andean regions of this province. The substratum was one of loose sand with smooth stones and small boulders, but lacking dunes or extensive areas of open sand.

Liolaemus koslowskyi (NCN). LA RIOJA PROVINCE: Dpt. Gral. La Madrid, 10.8 km N of Villa Castelli on Ruta Prov. 26 (28°55'50"S, 68°11'11"W, 1410 m). 18 January 1995. SDSU 3597. This is the second record for this species from the valley of the Río Vinchina; extends the known range ca. 50 km north of the previously reported westernmost record (Etheridge 1993). Of greater significance, however, is the discovery of *Liolaemus olongasta* to the north (see below).

Liolaemus laurenti (NCN). LA RIOJA PROVINCE: Dpt. Independencia, sand dunes 51 km W of Patquia on Ruta Prov.